When the outbreak first happened around the world back in March, people and governments scrambled. Lockdowns were put in place and health and science experts were tapped to try to find the best way to deal with the virus and the safest way to keep people from getting sick. It was a very scary time and nobody knew what to expect or what the future held. They just rushed to the supermarket, tried to stock up, and hunkered down waiting (hopefully) for the storm to pass.

Fast-forward to a few months later and the proverbial SINTROSPECTIVE In fact, in some places, it's worse than ever. While several countries allowed science to lead the way and



TONY F. KATIGBAK

tries allowed Science to lead the way and quickly implemented mass testing, isolation, contact tracing, etc, far too many others sought short-term solutions without thinking of the long-term plan. long-term plan. New Zealand is a shin-

New Zealand is a shing they beat the virus, bringing their cases down to zero. People could return to work, children to school because they strictly followed the recommended scientific guidelines.

Italy and Spain saw their cases drop as well. Through strict measures, they were able to control what was once a scary and uncontrollable spike. Unfortunately, that was not the case for veryrone. Here in the Philippines, the USA, and many other countries, we have made very little steps forward in finding long-term solutions. The United States, in particular, is being extremely cavalier considering they have one of the highest infection curves in the world. Their president claims if she cause they test more than any other country-spoiler alert: they don't They just refuse to follow recommended guidelines, claiming it infringes on their freedoms. Honestly, I'm worried about the outcome of their scenario.

Which isn't to say that we are faring any better. While I am grateful for the fact that, at the very least, we don't have to fight about mask-wearing in the Philippines, we are still lacking for a plan. We keep taking steps to reopen the economy – also understandably because people need to work and earn – but there are no protocols in place fong-term sustainability. Our numbers have spiked dangerously again and there doesn't seem to be a solution in sight. Tread somewhere that the government is now looking at mass testing to help flatten the curve. This is a headline that could have and should have been written last March. We had one of the longest lockdowns in the region, but we didn't utilize the time to truly prepare for when the lockdown was eventually lifted. It seems like such a waste of that precious time when everyone was indoors to prepare for the eventual return to society. Now, we are heavily in debt and we have very little to show for it.

And what's scary is that the virus is getting stronger, cases are going up, and I don't think the country can afford to go back into lockdown again. Too much has been lo

Auto... From B1

Other ASEAN countries with loweryear-on-year motor vehicle sales in the January to June period are Indonesia with a 46 percent drop, Malaysia with a 41 percent decline, Singapore with a 57 per-cent reduction, Thailand with a

cent reduction, Thailand with a 37 penernt decraesa, and Vieham which slid 31 percent. On the other hand, Bruner's motor vehicle sales rose 13 percent year-on-year to 6,582 units as of end-June, while Myanmar's grew seven percent to 9,537 units in the first semester from last year. Total motor vehicle sales in ASEAN were slashed by 41 percent to 993,643 units in

the first half from 1.69 million

units the previous year.
For motorcycle and scooter assembly, the Philippines, like all its neighbors, churned out fewer units in the first six months of the

units in the first six months of the year from a year ago.

In particular, the Philippines produced 233,948 units in the January to June period, down 60 percent from the 583,484 units last year.

Malaysiá's motorcycle output was trimmed by 30 percent to 181,223 units as of end-June from a year ago, while Thailand's dropped 30 percent year-on-year to 682,515 units in the first semester.

Philex net income up 9% in H1

By LOUISE MAUREEN SIMEON

Pangilinan-led Philex Mining Corp. has reported a net income of P425 million from January to June, up nine percent from a year ago on the back of higher production and improved world market prices. In a regulatory filing, Philes said net income improved by nine percent in the first half as revenues went up by 19 percent to P3.68 billion from P3.09 billion in the comparative period.

tive period.
Philex said the higher net income was due to favorable gold prices and the improve-ments in the mine and mill operations, which resulted in

an acceptable operating cost and expenses level.
It also said that the improvement in revenues was mainly due to higher tonnage milled, better blended metal grades, favorable realized gold prices which was tempered by coper prices and lower foreign exchange rates.
"Given prevailing high gold prices and poor economic prospects for the year, it looks like Philex is headed toward a better full year performance in 2020 compared with 2019 provided we are able to maintain our production volume and improve mining efficiencies," Philex chairman Manuel V. Pangilinan said. cies," Philes Ci.... V. Pangilinan said.

The Padcal mine milled 3.97

The Padcal mine milled 3.97 million metric tons of ore, four percent higher than the 3.81 million MT in 2019.

First semester gold output was also higher by 20 percent at 28,332 ounces, while copper production also increased by 13 percent to 13.54 million pounds.

Further, total cost and expenses for the period slightly decreased to P3.1 billion and lower cost of power, materials and supplies usage.

As an export-oriented com-

and supplies usage.

As an export-oriented company, Philex was allowed to
remain operational during the
enhanced community quarantine with Padcal continuing to
function in strict compliance

with the applicable government mandated operating guidelines.
Since April, Philex said the flow of critical materials and supplies, augmented by a new supplier base, has returned to normal and has opened new opportunities for strategic sourcing alternatives that will result in a more cost efficient supply chain model.
"We have adjusted our supply chain model based on new normal in order to mittigate the

normal in order to mitigate the risk of possible disruptions in the flow of the materials and supplies needed in our mine and mill operations," Philex president and CEO Eulalio Austin said.

PXP Energy posts wider net loss in Jan-June

By DANESSA RIVERA

Listed upstream oil and gas firm PXP Energy Corp. reported a higher net loss in the first six months due to the significant drop in oil prices and revenue amid the pandemic. In a disclosure to the Philippine Stock Exchange, PXP Energy said its consolidated net loss widened to P56.3 million in the fist six months from P17.9 million in the same period last year.

The company attributed the drop to the substantial

The company attributed the drop to the substantial decrease in oil revenues and impairment loss in Service Contract (SC) 14C-1 Galoc, which hosts the country's largest oil producing oil field.

PXP Energy reported an 88 percent drop in consolidated petroleum revenue to P6.1 million in the first six months from P51.4 million a year ago.

It attributed the decline to the 66 percent drop in output following normal decline rate in field production.

Revenues also reeled from

Revenues also reeled from the 62 percent slump in crude oil prices in SC 14C-1 Galoc due to substantially lower global demand amid the CO-VID-19 pandemic. Despite the GPC and its pa ing PXP Energy

costs and expenses, the company registered a 46.7 slide from P86.2 million to P39.5 million brought about by lower deple-tion cost in SC 14C-1 Galoc, fol-

lowing the decline in output.
The group's general and administrative expenses were also slightly lower year-on-

year.
Under other income/charges, PXP Energy said the provision for impairment of assets amounted to P20.2 million due mainly to the lower-than-expected future returns in SC 14C-1 Galoc.
The firm attributed the lower-than-expected future returns to the recent crash in global crude oil prices and

returns to the recent crash in global crude oil prices and the cessation of operation for Galoc Field on September 24. Last May, operator Galoc Production Company received a notice of termination from Publican Offshore Internaa notice of termination from Rubicon Offshore Interna-tional, the owner of the floating production storage and offloading (FPSO) vessel Ru-

Despite the suspension, GPC and its partners – includ-ing PXP Energy – are still eye-ing to restart oil production once the oil market environ-

ment improves.
Recently, the Department of Energy (DOE) recently granted PXP Energy's request, on be-

half of the joint venture part-

nair of the joint venture part-ners, to impose force majeure over SC 74 Linapacan Block. The SC 74 consortium sought for a suspension for nine months starting March 13 to Dec. 12 due to the negative impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on busi-ness operations and implemen-tation of SC 74 work activities.

AXA Phillippines FUND VALUATION OF INVESTMENT-LINKED PRODUCTS			
US Dollar			
	Premium Bond Fund (USD)	3.0818	2.9350
	Capital Investment Fund (USD)	1.3422	1.2782
	Global Advantage Fund (USD)	3.4292	3.2659
	Asia Growth Fund (USD)	1.1501	1.0953
	European Wealth Fund (USD)	0.9646	0.9186
	Global Dynamic Allocation Fund - Stable (USD)	1.1307	1.0768
	Global Dynamic Allocation Fund - Multi-Asset (USD)	1.1412	1.0868
	Global Dynamic Allocation Fund - Growth (USD)	1.1201	1.0667
	3GX\$-821 Fund (USD)*	1.1283	1.1283
	Dollar Phoenix 7 Fund	0.9283	0.9283
Philippine Peso			11,200,000
	Wealth Bond Fund (PHP)	21.1293	20.1231
	Wealth Balanced Fund (PHP)	27.6456	26,3291
	Wealth Equity Fund (PHP)	33.8504	32.2384
	Peso Liquidity Fund (PHP)	12.7097	12.7097
	Opportunity Fund (PHP)	23.7586	22.6272
	Chinese Tycoon Fund (PHP)	15.7151	14.9667
	Spanish American Legacy Fund (PHP)	11.2420	10.7066
	Retire Smart 2030 (PHP)	8.3319	8.3319
	Retire Smart 2035 (PHP)	8.1012	8.1012
	Retire Smart 2040 (PHP)	7.9657	7.9657
	Retire Smart 2045 (PHP)	7.8776	7.8776
	3GX-B20 Fund (PHP)*	13.4840	13.4840
	3GX-B21 Fund (PHP)*	11.7760	11.7760
	3GX-B26 Fund (PHP)*	11.4176	11.4176
	Peso Phoenix 7 Fund	8.1650	8.1650

By MARY GRACE

The government has collected P91.65 billion in duties and taxes from petro-leum products since the implementation of the fuel mark-

of the fuel mark-ing program last year, according to the Department of Finance (DOF). Based on BSP data, the govern-ment has already infused 10.66 bil-lion liters of fuel with markers from September 2019 un-til July 31. til July 31.
This translates
to P91.65 billion in

oil duties and taxes

oil duties and taxes paid during the same period. The bulk or 75 percent of the total marked volume is located in Luzon, while 20 percent is in Mindanao. The remaining five perremaining five per-cent is in the Vi-

sayas region. Of the 20 partici-

Of the 20 participating companies, Petron Corp, had the largest share of marked and tax paid fuel at 23.59 percent.

This was followed by Pilipinas Shell Petroleum Corp, and Unioil Petroleum Pilipipines Inc., which accounted for 20.16 percent and 10.71 percent of the total volume, respectively.



GLOBAL-ESTATE RESORTS, INC.

NOTICE AND AGENDA OF THE ANNUAL STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING

TO ALL STOCKHOLDERS

P91.65 B in fuel taxes collected from fuel marking

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the 2020 Annual Meeting of Stockholders (the "Annual Meeting") of GLOBAL-ESTATE RESORTS, INC. (the "Company") will be held on 28 August 2020 at 9:00 a.m. to be conducted virtually, through the link hitps://geri.com.ph/asm2020/ that can be accessed through the Company's website, with the following agenda:

- Call to order
 Certification of Notice and Quorum
 Approval of the Minutes of the previous Annual Stockholders' Meeting
 Report of Management for year 2019
 Amendment of By-laws to authorize the conduct of board meetings and stockholders' meetings by remote conference and voting in absentia (Sections 4 & 5, Article III and Sections 2 & 3, Article V)
 Appointment of External Auditor
 Ratification of all acts and resolutions of the Board of Directors, Board Committees and Corporate
 Officers adopted during the preceding year
 Election of Directors
 Other matters
 Adjournment

Stockholders of record as of 21 July 2020 will be entitled to notice of, and to vote at, the Annual Meeting.

To conform with the government's regulation on social distancing and prohibition on mass gatherings, the Company decided to hold the Annual Meeting via remote communication, and allow the stockholders to cast their votes by remote communication or in absentia, or by proxy.

participate in the Annual Meeting, stockholders must register from 9:00 AM of **7 August 2020** until 5:00 PM **21 August 2020**. The procedure for participation via remote communication and in absentia is contained in of 21 August 2020. The p the Information Statement

Stockholders who wish to appoint proxies may submit proxy instruments until 5:00 pm of 19 August 2020 to the Office of the Corporate Secretary at 16th Floor, Alliance Global Tower, 36th Street cor. 11th Avenue, Uptown Bonifacio, Taguig City 1634 or by e-mail at corpsecretary@clobal-estate.ph. Validation of proxies shall be held on 20 August 2020. A sample proxy form will be enclosed in the Information Statement for your

The Information Statement and other pertinent documents and information on the Annual Meeting are available through the Company's website. For any clarifications, please contact the Office of the Corporate Secretary via email at corpsecretary@global-estate.ph.

Taguig City, Metro Manila, Philippines, 23 July 2020

MARIA CARLA T. UYKIM Corporate Secretary